

May

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

June

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

July

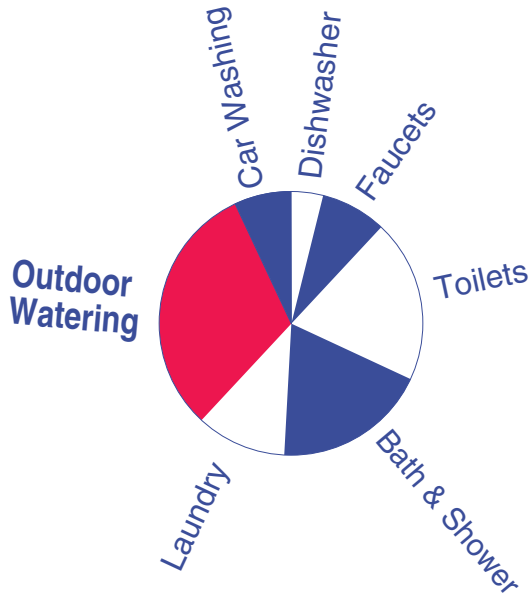
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

August

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

September

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			



Did you know that in the summer months water consumption increases from 350 gallons per day/connection to 800 gallons per day/connection? Under peak day demands the consumption can increase to 1200 gallons per day/connection. Most of the extra use is due to lawn watering.

Do NOT irrigate during “peak demand” hours (5 AM - 9 AM and 5 PM - 9 PM)

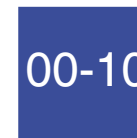
Identify the symbol that corresponds with the **last two digits** of your house number.

Water on that day only.

If your house number ends with 00-10, follow 

If your house number ends with 11-20, follow 

If your house number ends with 21-99, follow 



REMINDER: Conservation rates are in effect for these months!

WATER CONSERVATION TIPS

- **One inch per week** is all your lawn needs. Watering less often produces a deeper, healthier root system. Over watering promotes shallow root growth making your lawn less hardy.
- **Adjust sprinklers.** If you have water running down your driveway or road - you are using TOO much! Runoff from over watered lawns washes away topsoil, fertilizer and pesticides that pollute our waterways. Do not water on windy days.
- **Use** soaker hoses when possible.
- **Use hose timers.** Available at any garden store.
- **Use** native drought resistant plants.
- **Sweep**, do not hose your sidewalks and driveways.
- **Apply mulch** to cool the soil surface, reduce evaporation, and retard weed growth.
- **Aerate** your lawn, it will use less water and be healthier.
- **Plant** in the spring or fall, when watering requirements are lower.
- **When** choosing plants, remember the smaller ones require less water to become established.
- **Read your meter.** To find out where you use water most, read your meter before and after watering each zone. Armed with that information, you can decide how best to conserve water around your garden.
- **For Further Conservation Information Visit**

www.bewatersmart.net

www.h2house.org

If you are adding a sprinkler system, remember you need to install an approved backflow assembly and complete a new water use questionnaire.

LAWN WATERING GUIDE

Here is a simple way to determine your watering needs:

1. Place several flat bottom (tuna) cans around your lawn.
2. Turn on sprinkler(s) for 15 minutes.
3. Measure water depth in cans with a ruler and determine average depth.
4. Use the following chart and read the number of minutes you should water every third (3rd) day. Record the time for future reference.

Average Depth							
1/8"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	1"	1-1/8"
Minutes To Water Every Third (3rd) Day							
60	30	20	15	12	10	8	7

REMINDER

Use this chart as a guide **ONLY**. Alter your watering practices according to weather conditions.

SKIP AT LEAST ONE (1) SCHEDULED DAY AFTER ANY SUBSTANTIAL RAINFALL (1/4" OR MORE).

Any questions or comments, please call us at 253-537-6634.



2009

Summer Lawn Watering Calendar



Mailing Address: P.O. Box 44427 • Tacoma, WA 98448
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